

PETERBOROUGH CITY COUNCIL

LICENSING ACT 2003

**STATEMENT
OF
LICENSING POLICY**

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DEFINITIONS

Note: In this Policy, the following definitions are included to provide an explanation of certain terms included in the Act and therefore in the Policy. In some cases they are an abbreviation of what is stated in the Licensing Act 2003 or an interpretation of those terms. For a full definition of the terms used, the reader must refer to the Licensing Act 2003.

'the Act' means the Licensing Act 2003 (c.17)

'Licensable Activities' means: -

- The sale by retail of alcohol
- The supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club to, or to the order of, a member of the club
- The provision of Regulated Entertainment
- The provision of Late Night Refreshment

'The Guidance' means the guidance issued by the Secretary of State for the Department of Culture, Media and Sport under s.182 of the Act.

'Licensed Premises' includes club premises and events unless the context otherwise requires.

'Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS)' means the person (who must be a Personal Licence Holder), in the case of premises selling alcohol, who will normally have been given the day to day responsibility for running the premises by the holder of the Premises Licence or will be the Premises Licence holder.

'Regulated Entertainment' ~~includes both entertainment and entertainment facilities. Subject to the qualifying conditions, definitions, and exemptions, attached as appendices, regulated entertainment¹ is:-~~ is defined as;

- A performance of a play;
- An exhibition of a film;
- An indoor sporting event;
- Boxing or wrestling entertainment;
- A performance of live music;
- Any playing of recorded music;
- A performance of dance;
- Entertainment of a similar description to that falling within the performance of live music; the playing of recorded music and the performance of dance.

[In some circumstances, the provision of regulated entertainment is not licensable, for further information please go to www.gov.uk \(and search for entertainment licensing\)](http://www.gov.uk)

'Late Night Refreshment' means the supply of hot food or hot drink to members of the public (whether for consumption on or off the premises) between the hours of 11.00 pm and 5.00 am.

'Operating Schedule' means a document containing a statement of the following matters (and any others that may be prescribed): -

- The relevant Licensable Activities
- The times at which the Licensable Activities are to take place and any other times when premises are open to the public
- Information regarding the person who will be specified in the Premises Licence as the Premises Supervisor

¹ [Removal of provision of facilities by the Live Music Act 2012](#)

- Where the Licensable Activities involve the supply of alcohol, whether it is for the supply on and/or off the premises
- The steps being taken to promote the Licensing Objectives
- **‘Interested Party’** means any of the following:
 - A person living in the vicinity of the premise;
 - A body with appropriate authority, representing persons who live in that vicinity;
 - A person involved in a business in that vicinity;
 - A body, with appropriate authority, representing persons involved in such a business.
 - A member of the relevant licensing authority

‘Other Persons’ means

Persons who live, or are involved in a business, in the relevant licensing Authorities area and who are likely to be affected by the application and are not a Responsible Authority.²

‘Responsible Authority’ means any of the following: -

- The Chief Officer of Police
- The Fire Authority
- The enforcing authority for Health and Safety at Work
- The local planning authority
- The local weights and measures authority (Trading Standards)
- The Council responsible for minimising or preventing the risk of pollution of the environment or of harm to human health
- The body representing matters relating to the protection of children from harm
- In relation to a vessel, a navigation authority, the Environment Agency, or the British Waterways Board
- The relevant Licensing Authority
- The Local Health Board

‘Relevant Representations’ are representations which can be either in support of an application or against the application, (also called an objection) and must be:

- About the effect of the Premise Licence on the promotion of the licensing objectives;
- Are made by an interested party or a responsible authority or any other person, have not been withdrawn and, in the case of representations made by an interested party other persons, they are not in the Council’s opinion frivolous or vexatious.
- Must relate directly to an application and received during the consultation period. Representations received outside the consultation period cannot be considered.
- An objection must relate to the licensable activities requested, how you and the objectives are likely to be adversely impacted by the activity, which the conditions proposed in the operating schedule of the application do not address or do not address sufficiently.

‘Temporary Event Notice (TEN)’ means a Permitted Temporary Activity involving one or more Licensable Activities subject to various conditions and limitations (see section 9.5). For further information, please go to www.gov.uk (and search for alcohol licensing)-

Standard TEN: Must be received no later than 10 working days prior to the event.

Late TEN: Must be received between 5 and 9 working days prior to the event

² Amended by Police and Social Responsibility Act 2011

THE CITY OF PETERBOROUGH AND DISTRICT

Peterborough is a modern and progressive City with a strong historical character that makes it a stimulating environment in which to live, work and visit.

In the 2011 Census, Peterborough had a population of approximately 183,000, with an approximate population of 188,400 in 2013. The wider sub-region, in which Peterborough is the economic centre, has a population of approximately 350,000 people in both the East of England and East Midlands' regions.

Neighbouring districts that look towards Peterborough as a key economic centre include Fenland, Huntingdonshire, South Holland, South Kesteven, East Northamptonshire and Rutland.

Today, Peterborough is one of the fastest growing cities in the country with a vibrant private sector delivering record job growth in recent years. The city enjoys an unrivalled strategic location in the East of England. It is only 45 minutes from central London and within striking distance of the regions other great cities being well served as it is by airports, rail and road links.

The city owes much of its increasing fortunes in recent years to a city council that focuses on three key areas for its people – prosperity, education and quality of life.

An essential contribution to the continued development of the City of Peterborough are the differing types of premises and events licensed under the Licensing Act 2003. There are over 600 licensed premises offering a wide range of leisure activities, such as live music, theatres, sports venues, cinema and a vast range of restaurants offering diverse menus to suit any palate.

The embankment along with the county showground provide facilities for several open-air larger type festivals and concerts. Visitors can enjoy a vast range of outdoor leisure activities and picturesque countryside – including 2,000 acres of riverside parkland. There are two theatres offering drama, ballet and concerts – the Key Theatre and the Cresset Theatre. For sports fans, Peterborough has four sports stadia: football, speedway, ice hockey and greyhound.

Peterborough continues to invest in regeneration, infrastructure and accessibility, with projects within the city centre and the outskirts. This creates a vibrant mix of activities and premises catering for a multi-cultural city, offering a wide range of facilities to residents and visitors.

Peterborough is an intelligence led authority, the Safer Peterborough Partnership is an integrated multi-agency initiative working in partnership with the police and others to tackle many issues, e.g. crime, anti-social behaviour and alcohol related issues. This approach highlighted the 'Op Can Do' area as an area which had reached saturation and a Cumulative Impact Policy was introduced and took effect in April 2013.

~~A number of new developments, including the new city hospital and the improvement of Cathedral Square, provide central elements for new economic growth. Peterborough's profile is strengthened, enabling it to deliver a stronger economy now and in the future.~~

~~Peterborough as a district offers a wide range of leisure activities although a large concentration of premises in the City provides regulated entertainment and/or the retail sale of alcohol in the form of. Other forms of entertainment revolve around public houses, private clubs, cinemas, theatres, and~~

sports venues both within the centre and surrounding villages. Along with takeaways, and late night refreshment premises, a variety of restaurants offer a choice of assorted types of cuisine.

Peterborough offers a large accessible river embankment, along with the county showground providing facilities for several open-air larger type festivals and concerts. Visitors can enjoy a vast range of outdoor leisure activities and picturesque countryside — including 2,000 acres of riverside parkland.— Many local venues such as village halls and community centres provide locations for cultural activities.

An essential contribution to the continued development of the City of Peterborough is the differing types of premises and events to be licensed under the Licensing Act 2003 as they provide an essential contribution to the local economy of the District, through tourism and cultural development.

DRAFT

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Statement of Licensing Policy has been produced in accordance with s.5 of the Licensing Act 2003 (the Act) which requires the Council to review and where [necessary appropriate](#) renew its contents on a ~~3~~ [five](#) yearly basis (subject to changes in legislation or otherwise prescribed by the Secretary of State).
- 1.2 In reviewing the Statement of Licensing Policy the Council has considered the Guidance issued under s.182 of the Act.
- 1.3 This policy provides information and guidance to licence applicants, licence holders, objectors and ~~interested parties~~ [Other Persons](#) on the general approach to be taken by the Council in respect of its obligations under the Act.
- 1.4 This policy is made available in key Council offices and via the Council's website: www.peterborough.gov.uk under business.
- 1.5 The contents within the policy have been amended in line with ~~LACORS~~ [Local Government Association \(LGA\)](#) 'Best Practice Framework for the Review of Licensing Policy Statements'.

2. DISCLAIMER

- 2.1 The content of the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy is aimed only to provide guidance and should not be interpreted as legal advice. It is strongly recommended that persons obtain their own legal advice if they are not sure of the requirements of the Act and/or the Guidance and Regulations issued in accordance with it.

3. LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES

- 3.1 This policy relates to all those activities identified as falling within the provisions of the Act, provided to the public, to registered club members or with a view to profit as defined within the Act. ~~These are as follows:-~~

3.2 The Licensing Act 2003 regulates the following activities:

- Retail sale of alcohol
- Supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club, or to the order of, a member of the club
- The provision of regulated entertainment
- The provision of late night refreshment

4. OBJECTIVES

- 4.1 The Council has a duty under the Act to carry out its licensing functions by promoting the licensing objectives, which are:-
- The prevention of crime and disorder
 - Public safety
 - The prevention of public nuisance
 - The protection of children from harm
- 4.2 Each objective has equal importance.
- 4.3 The Council will also in carrying out its duties have regard to the Guidance, [this policy and any responses to consultation regarding this policy.](#)
- 4.4 It is recognised that the licensing function is only one means of securing the delivery of the above objectives and should not be seen as a means for solving all problems within the community. The Council will therefore continue to work in partnership with its neighbouring

authorities, responsible authorities such as the Police, Fire Service, etc., local businesses, licensed trade, residents and others, towards the promotion and delivery of the objectives.

- 4.5 The Council will expect individual applicants to address the licensing objectives in their Operating Schedule having regard to the type of premises, the licensable activities to be provided, the operational procedures, the nature of the location and the needs of the local community. [This must be particularly addressed for applications within the Cumulative Impact area.](#)

[4.6 It is recommended and encouraged that all applicants for authorisations enter into informal discussions prior to the submission of an application in order to avoid potential problems and unnecessary hearings and appeals.](#)

5. CONSULTATION

- 5.1 There are a number of groups who have a stake in the leisure industry, including providers, customers, residents and enforcers, all of whom have views and concerns that require consideration as part of the licensing functions and the promotion of the licensing objectives. The Council will continue to consult with these parties upon receipt of applications where relevant, and for the further continuation and development of the Licensing Policy.

- 5.2 In ~~preparing~~ ~~reviewing~~ this Policy, the Council ~~will~~ ~~consulted~~ over an ~~8~~ 10 week period ~~16/08/10- 06 July 2015 – 13 September 2015~~ 10/10/10 with the following:

- (a) Chief Officer of Police for the area;
- (b) Fire Authority for the area
- (c) Persons/bodies representative of local holders of premises licenses;
- (d) Persons/bodies representative of local holders of club premises certificates;
- (e) Persons/bodies representative of local holders of personal licenses
- (f) Persons/bodies representative of businesses and residents in its area;

[All responses to the consultation will be given due consideration when determining the final policy.](#)

- 5.3 A review of the policy was carried out by way of consultation with those listed in 5.2 to include a special policy. The consultation took [place](#) between 21/1/13 – 04/03/13.
- 5.4 The special policy was adopted by full council at a meeting held on 17 April 2013. Please see section 11.

6. FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES

- 6.1 Licensing is about regulating the carrying on of licensable activities by the appropriate control of licensed premises, qualifying clubs, and temporary events together with the people who manage such premises or hold Personal Licences within the terms of the Act.
- 6.2 In circumstances where conditions are required to be attached to the various authorisations, the focus will be on matters which are within the control of the individual licensee and others in possession of relevant authorisations (please see section 14 for more information on licence conditions).
- 6.3 In setting conditions the Council will primarily focus on the direct impact of the activities taking place at, or resulting from the licensed premises on those living, working or engaged in normal activity in the vicinity of the licensed premises.
- 6.4 Licensing law is not the primary mechanism for the general control of nuisance and anti-social behaviour by individuals once they are away from licensed premises and beyond the direct control of the individual, club or business holding the licence, certificate or permission concerned. However:

- (a) licensing law is a key aspect of such control and therefore will always form part of an all round approach to the management of the entertainment evening and night-time economy within Peterborough; and
- (b) licensees and Certificate Holders should take all reasonable steps to prevent the occurrence of crime and disorder and public nuisance immediately outside their premises, for example, on the pavement, in a beer garden, or with the smoking ban in force, in a smoking shelter, where and to the extent that these matters are within their control.

6.5 Nothing in this policy prevents each licence application being considered on its own merits nor will it override the right of any individual to apply under the terms of the Licensing Act 2003 for a variety of permissions.

6.6 This policy does not seek to override the right of any person to make representations on an application or seek a review of a licence or certificate where provision has been made for them to do so in the Act.

6.7 If no relevant representations are received from responsible authorities or any other persons, applications must be granted as applied for. The only conditions which will be applied are those proposed within the operating schedule and any applicable mandatory condition(s).

7. OTHER LEGISLATION

7.1 Crime and Disorder Act 1998: Under this Act local authorities must have regard to the likely effect of the exercise of their functions, and do all they can to prevent crime and disorder in their area.

7.2 The Council will have particular regard to the likely impact of licensing on related crime and disorder in the district, particularly when considering the location, impact, operation and management of all proposed licence/certificate applications, renewals and variations of conditions. Any conditions attached to premises licences and club premises certificates will, so far as possible, consider and reflect the local crime prevention strategies.

7.3 The Council recognises that the Equality Act 2010 places a legal obligation on public authorities and has due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation, to advance equality of opportunity.

8. OTHER REGULATORY SYSTEMS / POLICIES

8.1 By consultation and liaison, the Council will secure the proper integration of this licensing policy with local crime prevention, environment, planning, tourism, race equality schemes and cultural strategies and any other relevant policy, in addition to plans introduced for the management of the City and the night-time economy. Many of these strategies are not directly related to the promotion of the four licensing objectives, but, indirectly impact upon them.

8.2 Sexual Entertainment Venues (SEV)-: On 02 December 2010 The Council adopted the amendment to the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 (LG(MP)A 1982) with an effective commencement date of 08 February 2011. The effect of this means that premises which provide sexual entertainment on a regular basis (more than 11 occasions per year) will be required to obtain a SEV licence under LG(MP)A 1982. If the premises also require the sale and supply of alcohol, licences under both Acts will be required.

8.32 **Planning, building control and the licensing regimes:** Will be separate to avoid duplication and inefficiency. Licensing applications should not be a re-run of the planning application and should not cut across decisions taken by the planning committee or following appeals against decisions taken by that committee. Where a terminal hour has been set as a condition of planning permission for the use of premises for commercial purposes that are different to the licensing hours, the applicant must observe the earlier closing time. Premises operating in breach of their planning permission would be liable to prosecution under planning law.

8.43 **Cultural Strategies:** The Council will monitor the impact of licensing on the provision of regulated entertainment, and particularly live music and dancing. As part of implementing cultural strategies, proper account will be taken of the need to encourage and promote a broad range of entertainment, particularly live music, dancing and theatre, including the performance of a wide range of traditional and historic plays, for the wider cultural benefit of the communities.

8.54 **Public Spaces:** The Council wishes to promote a broad range of entertainment within its area including live music, dancing and theatre. To promote this policy the Council may, where appropriate, seek to obtain premises licences for Council owned public spaces within the community such as market squares, village greens, etc.

8.65 **Travelling Circuses:** ~~Under the Licensing Act 2003, circuses will require to be licensed due to their provision of regulated entertainment. However, if~~ Where types of entertainment are present in a performance by a travelling circus they will not be licensable provided that certain qualifying conditions are met. Guidance has listed these qualifying conditions as follows:

- The entertainment is not an exhibition of a film or a boxing or wrestling entertainment;
- The entertainment takes place between 08.00 and 23.00 on the same day
- The entertainment takes place wholly within a moveable structure and the audience present is accommodated wholly inside that moveable structure; and
- The travelling circus has not been located on the same site for more than 28 consecutive days.

It should be noted that the circuses with performing animals will not be permitted, and therefore not licensed, on Council owned land.

9. TEMPORARY EVENT NOTICES

9.1 A temporary events notice (TEN) is required for the sale of alcohol by retail, provision of regulated entertainment and/or the provision of late night refreshment, which is to take place at premises, which are currently unlicensed for the activities involved. Applicants are reminded that a limit of fewer than 500 persons at any one time applies to a temporary event and failure to comply with this limit may lead to the event closure or even prosecution. It is strongly recommended, therefore, that a means of recording the number of persons entering and leaving the premises is put into operation. There is nothing to stop a TEN being given for a premises where a premises licence is already in force although does not cover the type of event proposed.

~~Whilst a minimum of 10 working days notice must be given to the Council and the Police for applications, it should be noted that this gives very little time for the Council to process the application and for the Police to respond. Applicants are therefore encouraged to provide a minimum of 28 days notice of a licensable event.~~

9.23 If there are over 500 persons attending the event then this will fall outside the provisions of a temporary event notice and a premises licence will be required.

9.34 Applicants are reminded that an authorisation made under a TEN does not remove their obligations under any other legislation including that of statutory nuisance. Where necessary, permissions should be sought from the appropriate body. The Council strongly recommends that applicants familiarise themselves with these responsibilities which amongst others may include:-

- Planning permission
- Health and Safety
- Noise Pollution
- Erection of temporary structures
- Road closures

- Use of pyrotechnics
- Anti-social behaviour

9.45 As well as the limit on the number of persons permitted under a TEN the following conditions and limitations apply:-

- Duration – they are limited to events lasting for up to ~~96-168~~ hours (7 days);
- Use of the same premises – the same premises cannot be used on more than 12 occasions in a calendar year, (this will increase to 15 with effect from 1 January 2016) but are subject to the overall aggregate of ~~2145~~ days irrespective of the number of occasions on which they have been used; ~~and~~
- The total number of notices (this includes late and standard TENs) given by an individual within a given period of time calendar year (1 January to 31 December) – a Personal Licence Holder is limited to 50 notices in one year and another person to 5 notices ~~in a similar period.~~
- The number of late TEN's is limited to 10 in a calendar year for a personal licence holder and two for other people. If these limits are exceeded in a calendar year, the application will be returned as void and the event will not be authorised.
- There must be a minimum period of 24 hours between events authorised under separate TEN's at the same premises by the same premises user or associate.
- Relevant persons - Police and Environmental Health have the opportunity to consider whether they should object, modify or attach conditions to a TEN based on any of the licensing objectives

9.5 When calculating the number of working days for submission of TENs, the day the notice is received and the first day of the event are excluded from the calculation. If a TEN application requests for an event to start before midnight and end after midnight this will count as two days towards the 21 day limitation.

9.6 **Standard and Late Temporary Event Notices:** There are two types of TEN, a standard TEN and a late TEN. These are subject to different processes. A standard TEN is given no later than ten working days before the event to which it relates, and a late TEN is given not before nine and not later than five working days before the event.

9.7 **Standard Temporary Event Notices:** Whilst a minimum of 10 working days' notice must be given to the Council and relevant persons for applications, it should be noted that this gives very little time for the Council to process the application and for the relevant persons to respond. Applicants are therefore encouraged to provide a minimum of 28 days' notice of a licensable event.

9.8 Where a TEN is held on premises where a premises licence or club premises certificate is in place, and the relevant persons believe that allowing the premises to be used in accordance with the TEN would undermine the licensing objectives they can object and/or modify and/or request conditions from the premises licence or club premises certificate to be applied to the TEN.

9.9 Where an objection to a TEN is received from relevant persons and not withdrawn, the licensing authority must hold a hearing to consider the objection, unless all parties agree that this is unnecessary.

9.10 **Late Temporary Event Notices:** are intended to assist premises users who are required for reasons outside their control to provide licensable activities at premises in shorter time scales. However, there is a risk that the event may receive an objection from relevant persons, where this occurs the notice will not be valid and the event will not go ahead, as there is no scope for a hearing or the application of any existing conditions.

10. DUPLICATION

- 10.1 So far as is possible, this policy is not intended to duplicate existing legislation and other regulatory regimes that already place obligations on the self-employed, employers and operators of venues both in respect of employers and of the general public when on the premises in question. Therefore, conditions and control measures which would be a duplication of existing legislative requirements, cannot be imposed in the context of licensing law as they are already provided for in other legislation.

11. CUMULATIVE IMPACT

Section 11 is being reviewed as part of this consultation

- 11.1 The cumulative impact of licensed premises on the promotion of the licensing objectives is a matter which the Council can consider within its licensing policy statement. This should not, however, be confused with 'need' which concerns the commercial demand for a particular type of premises, e.g. a pub, restaurant or hotel. The issue of 'need' is therefore primarily a matter for the market to decide and does not form part of this licensing policy statement.
- 11.2 The licensing authority can only adopt a special policy on cumulative impact if there is evidence that a significant number of licensed premises concentrated in one area is causing a cumulative impact on one or more of the licensing objectives.
- 11.3 Following concerns as to the perceived saturation of licensed premises in the area known as Op Can Do attached as Appendix 1 with a list of streets attached as Appendix 2, the licensing committee approved the consultation of a review of the Statement of Licensing Policy to include a special policy in that area.
- 11.4 The following steps were undertaken by the licensing authority in considering whether to adopt a special policy on cumulative impact for the Op Can Do area:
- Identified concern about the negative impact on the licensing objectives
 - Considered whether there is evidence to support the concerns identified that crime and disorder and nuisance is occurring and is associated with licensed premises
 - Consulted with those specified in section 5(3) of the Licensing Act 2003, on the proposal for a special policy in relation to new applications and variations to existing premises licences and club premises certificates and considered the outcome of the consultation
 - Having considered the available evidence and undertaken consultation, the licensing authority determined that it is appropriate to control cumulative impact.

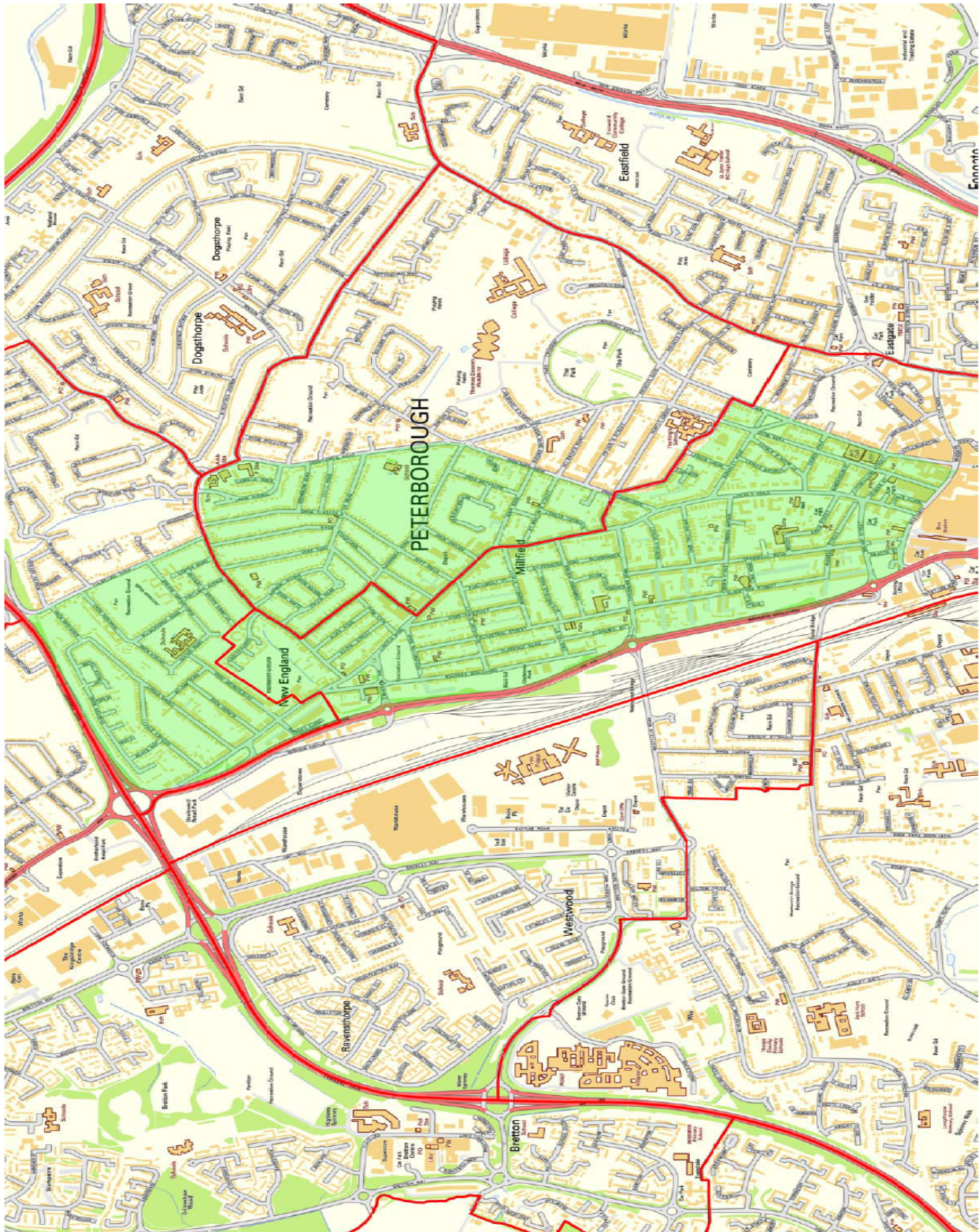
Special Policy on Cumulative Effect

- 11.5 The Licensing Authority has adopted (following a meeting of the full council on 17 April 2013) a special policy relating to cumulative impact in respect to all licensed premises for the Op Can Do area. The special policy took effect on 18 April 2013.
- 11.6 This special policy creates a rebuttable presumption that applications within the Op Can Do area for new premises or club premises certificates or variations that are likely to add to the existing cumulative impact will normally be refused, if relevant representations are received about the cumulative impact on the licensing objectives, unless the applicant can demonstrate why the operation of the premises involved will not add to the cumulative impact already being experienced.
- 11.7 Applicants will need to address the special policy issues in their operating schedules in order to rebut such a presumption.
- 11.8 Despite the presumption against grant, responsible authorities and/or other persons will still need to make a relevant representation before the licensing authority may lawfully consider giving effect to its special policy i.e. if no representation is received, the application must be granted (subject to such conditions as are consistent with the Licensing Act 2003). Responsible authorities and other persons can make a written representation referring to

information, which had been before the licensing authority when it developed its statement of licensing policy.

- 11.9 This licensing authority recognises that a special policy should never be absolute. The circumstances of each application will be considered properly and applications for licences and certificates that are unlikely to add to the cumulative impact on the licensing objectives may be granted. After receiving representations in relation to a new application or for a variation of a licence or certificate, the licensing authority will consider whether it would be justified in departing from its special policy in the light of the individual circumstances of the case. The impact can be expected to be different for premises with different styles and characteristics. If the licensing authority decides that an application should be refused, it will still need to show that the grant of the application would undermine the promotion of the licensing objectives and that necessary- appropriate conditions would be ineffective in preventing the problems involved.
- 11.10 A special policy will not be used as a ground for revoking an existing licence or certificate when representations are received about problems with those premises.
- 11.11 The “cumulative impact” on the promotion of the licensing objectives of a concentration of multiple licensed premises should only give rise to a relevant representation when an application for the grant or variation of a licence or certificate is being considered.
- 11.12 A review must relate specifically to individual premises, and by its nature, “cumulative impact” relates to the effect of a concentration of many premises. Identifying individual premises in the context of a review would inevitably be arbitrary.
- 11.13 A special policy relating to cumulative impact cannot justify, and will not include provisions for a terminal hour in a particular area or impose quotas - based on either the number of premises or the capacity of those premises.
- 11.14 This special policy will be reviewed regularly in line with the statutory requirements to review the Statement of Licensing Policy unless the licensing authority deems it appropriate to review in the interim period.
- 11.15 The absence of a special policy however, does not prevent any responsible authority or other persons making representations on a new application for the grant of a licence on the grounds that the premises will give rise to a negative cumulative impact on one or more of the licensing objectives.

Map Showing Current CI Policy Area in Green APPENDIX 1



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[Table of Street Names Within the Current CI Area APPENDIX-2](#)

Streets in the Op Can Do area		
Alexandra Road	Keats Way	1-359 Dogsthorpe Road
Allen Road	Keeton Road	40 - 50 Bright Street
Alma Road	Kipling Court	Beckets Close
Bamber Street	Lammas Road	Berry Court
Beech Avenue	Lawn Avenue	Boswell Close
Belham Road	Lime Tree Avenue	Burghley Mansions
Bourges Boulevard	Lincoln Road	Burns Close
Brassey Close	Link Road	Burrows Court
Brownlow Road	Lister Road	Carl Hall Court
Burghley Road	Lynton Road	Caroline Court
Burmer Road	Maskew Avenue	Cecil Pacey Court
Cambridge Avenue	Norfolk Street	Century Square
Cecil Road	North Street	Claridge Court
Chantry Close	Northfield Road	Coleridge Place
Chaucer Road	Norton Road	Connaught Mews
Church Walk	Nursery Close	Cromwell Court
Clare Road	Occupation Road	Dogsthorpe Grove
Clarence Road	Park Road	Dyson Close
Cobden Avenue	Parliament Street	Gillwell Mews
Cobden Street	Peveril Road	Gray Court
Cowper Road	Pope Way	Hamilton Court
Craig Street	Portland Avenue	Ingleborough
Cromwell Road	Russell Street	Johnson Walk
Crown Street	Scotney Street	Kimbolton Court
Dryden Road	Searjeant Street	Lincoln Gate
Eaglesthorpe	Shakespeare Avenue	Loire Court
English Street	Sheridan Road	Manor House Street
Exeter Road	Silverwood Road	Old Court Mews
Fitzwilliam Street	Springfield Road	Oxford Road
Foxdale	St James' Avenue	Parkodi Court
Fulbridge Road	St Mark's Street	Popley Court
Geneva Street	St Martins Street	'Raedwald Court
Gilpin Street	St Paul's Road	Rock Road
Gladstone Street	Stone Lane	Rosehall Court
Granville Street	Summerfield Road	Russell Mews
Green Lane	Taverners Road	Salaam Court
Hankey Street	Tennyson Road	Shelley Close
Harris Street	Thistle Moor Road	St Marks Apartments
Henry Court	Towler Street	St Marks Court
Henry Street	Vere Road	St Martins Mews
Herrick Close	Victoria street	The New Haven
Highbury Street	Warbon Avenue	Tom Lock Court
Windmill Street	Waterloo Road	up to 135 Park Road
Bamber Court	Wilberforce Road	Victoria Place
Walpole Court	York Road	

12. LICENSING HOURS / ZONING

- 12.1 EMRO's: Early Morning Restriction Orders, are designed to address recurring problems such as high levels of alcohol –related crime and disorder in specific areas at specific times; serious public nuisance; and other instances of alcohol-related anti-social behaviour which is not directly attributable to specific premises.
- 12.2 LNL: Late Night Levy, is a levy imposed on businesses which sell alcohol between midnight and 6am or part thereof. Funds raised by this levy are applied to the costs of policing crime and disorder connected to those sales of alcohol.
- 12.3 The Council has considered the options of adopting EMRO's and/or a LNL and has no desire at this time of implementing either provision. The Council reserves the right to reconsider this decision in the future.
- 12.41 The Council ~~will~~has not adopted fixed trading hours as a matter of policy. It recognises that flexible licensing hours with regard to the sale of alcohol is important to ensure that the concentrations of customers leaving premises simultaneously are avoided.
- 12.25 The Council recognises that providing consumers with greater choice and flexibility is important to a thriving evening and night-time economy however, this will be balanced carefully against the duty to promote the four licensing objectives and the rights of local residents to peace and quiet.
- 12.63 There is no general presumption in favour of lengthening licensing hours and accordingly the Council may when issuing new licenses or following reviews of existing licenses reject a proposal or grant it with appropriate conditions and/or different hours from those requested.
- 12.74 Shops, stores and supermarkets will normally be permitted to provide sales of alcohol for consumption off the premises at any times when the retail outlet is open for shopping, unless there are good reasons based on the four licensing objectives for restricting those hours. For example, a limitation on licensing hours may be appropriate following Police representations in the case of premises known to be a focus of disorder and disturbance because youths gather there.

13. CHILDREN AND LICENSED PREMISES

- 13.1 Conditions requiring the admission of children to any premises will not generally be attached to licences or certificates (except those identified in 13.7). Where no licensing restriction is necessary, this will remain a matter for the discretion of the individual licensee or club, subject to compliance with the Act.
- 13.2 Where it is deemed necessary appropriate to attach conditions to the licence in relation to access by children, this will be for the prevention of physical, moral or psychological harm to them.
- 13.3 Venue operators seeking premises licences and club premises certificates will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to protect children from harm, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and events. It may also be that their own risk assessments have determined that the presence of children is undesirable or inappropriate.
- 13.4 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants and are considered to be amongst the most essential that applicants should take account of in their operating schedules, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or activities:-
- Effective and responsible management of the premises

- Provision of a sufficient number of people employed or engaged to secure the protection of children, including child performers, from harm
- Appropriate instruction, training and supervision of those employed or engaged to secure the protection of children from harm
- Limitations on the hours when children may be present in all or parts of the premises
- Limitations or exclusions by age when certain activities are taking place
- Imposition of requirements for children to be accompanied by an adult
- Acceptance of accredited 'proof of age' cards and/or 'new type' driving licences with photographs.

13.5 Where no relevant representations are made to the Council, any [proposed offered](#) conditions in the operating schedule will be attached as conditions to the licence or certificate, [subject to paragraph 14.1 below](#) and will be enforceable.

13.6 Following receipt of any relevant representations, the Council will consider and determine each application, on its merits, as to whether to limit access by children or exclude them altogether from licensed premises by attaching any relevant conditions.

13.7 The conditions [limiting](#) and [restricting](#) access by children may include a combination of the following: -

- Limitations on the hours when children may be present in all or parts of the premises
- Requirements for children to be accompanied by adults
- Full exclusion of those people under 18 from the premises when any licensable activities are taking place
- Limitations on the parts of premises to which children might be given access
- Limitations or exclusions by age when certain specified activities are taking place e.g.
 - Where entertainment or services of an adult or sexual nature for example, lap-, table- or pole dancing, topless bar staff or striptease are commonly provided
 - Where there is a strong element of gambling on the premises (but not where there is a small number of cash prize gaming machines);
 - With a known association to drug activities – taking or dealing;
 - Where there have been convictions of members of the current staff at the premises for serving alcohol to minors or with a reputation for underage drinking.

13.8 The Council recognises the Peterborough Safeguarding Children Board as the competent body to advise on these matters.

13.9 **The Portman Group:** The Council commends the Portman Group Code of Practice on the naming, packaging and promotion of alcoholic drinks. The Code seeks to ensure that drinks are packaged and promoted in a socially responsible manner and only to those who are 18 years old or older.

13.10 **Proof of Age Schemes:** The Council commends proof of age cards accredited under the Proof of Age Standards Scheme (PASS).

13.11 **Children and Cinemas:** In the case of premises which are used for film exhibitions conditions will be imposed restricting access only to those who meet the required age limit in line with any certificate granted by the British Board of Film Classification or, in specific cases, a certificate given to the film by the Council itself.

14. LICENCE CONDITIONS

[14.1 There are three different types of condition that may be attached to a licence or certificate:](#)
[Proposed - those conditions offered with the operating schedule of the application:](#)
[Imposed - attached by licensing authority following a hearing](#)
[Mandatory - imposed by the Act and can be amended by the Secretary of State.](#)

All conditions should be clear, enforceable, evidenced, proportional, relevant, and capable of being understood.

- 14.21 One of the key concepts of the Act is that any conditions (other than the statutory mandatory conditions and those proposed within the application) attached to licences or certificates can only be imposed to licenses at a hearing following relevant representations. Conditions will be tailored to the individual style and characteristics of the premises and events concerned.
- 14.32 The Council will only attach conditions to premise licenses and club certificates where they are necessary-appropriate for the promotion of one or more of the four licensing objectives.
- 14.43 Conditions that are necessary-appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives should emerge initially through the operating schedule and risk assessment carried out by a prospective licensee or certificate holder at the time of application, particularly for applications within the cumulative impact area.
- 14.54 The Council will not impose any conditions unless they are proposed volunteered or its discretion has been engaged following relevant representations having been received and upheld. In these circumstances, it may then only impose conditions as are necessary appropriate - to promote the licensing objectives arising out of the consideration of representations.

14.6 The Council will take into account:

- The character of the surrounding area;
- The nature and character of the proposed operation;
- The impact that the activity will have on those living, working or engaged in normal activities in the area concerned.

14.76 Conditions will generally be considered unnecessary- inappropriate if they are already adequately covered by other legislation.

14.8 The pool of conditions cover, among other things, issues surrounding:

- Crime and disorder, incorporating local crime prevention strategies, e.g. CCTV at certain premises;
- Public safety (including fire safety and means of escape);
- Theatres and cinemas (promotion of public safety);
- Anti-social behaviour (inc: public nuisance, provision of clearance of litter outside premises, fly posting);
- Protection of children from harm;

Further information can be found via the Council's website www.peterborough.gov.uk under 'business'

14.98 Any conditions not listed in the pool may be specifically tailored by this Council and attached as conditions where appropriate.

14.109 In determining what conditions should be attached to licences and certificates, as a matter of necessity for the promotion of to appropriately promote the licensing objectives, the Council will be aware of the need to avoid measures which might deter live music, dancing or theatre by imposing indirect costs of a substantial nature.

15. ENFORCEMENT

15.1 The Council will establish arrangements with the responsible authorities on enforcement issues in addition to carrying out their own regular inspections. These protocols will provide for the targeting of agreed problem and high-risk premises.

- 15.2 All decisions and enforcement action taken by the Council will have regard to the relevant provisions of the Act, national guidance, [e.g. BRDO \(Better Regulation Delivery Office\) Regulators' Code](#) and the enforcement policy of the Council. To this end, the key principles of consistency, targeting, transparency and proportionality will be maintained.
- [15.3 Responsible authorities may carry out their own enforcement activities such as test purchasing, on and off sales, underage and proxy sales. Any national guidance will be observed when these activities are conducted.](#)
- [15.4 Premises licences and club premises certificates are subject to an annual fee. The Council must suspend these authorisations for the non-payment of the annual fee. Where disputes or administrative errors arise, there is a grace period of 21 days to resolve \(from the due date of the invoice\). If the dispute or error is not resolved, a notice of suspension will be given to the premises providing the date \(minimum of two working days\) when the suspension notice takes effect.](#)
- [15.5 Where an authorisation is suspended, any licensable activities taking place would be unauthorised and subject to further enforcement. Responsible authorities will be notified of suspension notices issued.](#)

16. REVIEWS

- [16.1 The licensing authority works in partnership with the responsible authorities to promote the licensing objectives and will aim to give licensees early warning of any concerns identified at a premises.](#)
- 16.24 Reviews of premise licences represent a key protection for the community where matters arise at the premise in connection with any of the four licensing objectives.
- [16.3 There are certain circumstances \(as detailed within guidance\), when the crime prevention objective is being undermined, it is expected that revocation of the licence, even in the first instance will be seriously considered.](#)
- 16.42 At any stage following the grant of a Premises Licence a responsible authority or any [other person interested party](#) may request a review. Evidence would be required based on one or more of the licensing objectives.
- 16.53 If relevant representations are made about a current licence, the Council will hold a hearing to consider them, unless the Council, the applicant and those making representations agree that the hearing is not necessary.
- 16.64 Additionally a review of the licence will normally follow any action by the Police or Local Authority to close down the premises ~~for up to 24 hours~~ on grounds of disorder or public nuisance.
- 16.75 No more than one review will normally be permitted within any 12 month period on similar grounds except in exceptional and compelling circumstances or where it arises following a Closure [Notice or](#) Order.
- [16.8 Where entertainment is deregulated, between 08.00 and 23.00 and it is having a negative impact on the licensing objectives, a premises licence or club premises certificate can be reviewed to bring the entertainment back under the scope of the authorisation and appropriate conditions can be applied.](#)
- 16.96 A summary review (or expedited) is appropriate for premises experiencing serious crime or disorder. It is a fast track licence review where the Council can attach interim conditions (where appropriate) to a premises licence where the responsible authority consider that the

premises concerned is associated with serious crime or disorder or both. The Council can take the following interim steps:

- Modification of the conditions of the premises licence
- The exclusion of the sale of alcohol (or other licensable activities) from the scope of the licence
- Removal of the DPS
- Suspension of the licence

16.107 The decision takes effect immediately or as soon as the Council directs. The Council will have regard to the Guidance when processing summary reviews.

16.118 Licensing officers may not initiate their own review of premises licences.

17. DELEGATION / DECISION MAKING / ADMINISTRATION

17.1 When determining applications the Council will have regard to the Guidance [and this policy](#). Therefore, determination of applications made under the Act will be made by either the Licensing Committee, by a Sub-Committee of the Licensing Committee, or by one or more authorised officers acting in accordance with the Council's Scheme of Delegation. [\(See table of delegations on page 22\)](#)

17.2 A decision made by an officer under the Council's Scheme of Delegation, will be considered a decision made by the Council.

17.3 The Council will consider relevant representations made both in support of or opposition to any application.

17.4 Where a relevant representation is made then the authorised officer will liaise with the applicant and relevant parties to try and reach an agreement between them and the Council, as to the need for final determination by the Licensing Committee or Sub-Committee.

17.5 Where relevant representations are raised which cannot be resolved by mediation, matters will be referred to either of the aforementioned committees for determination.

[17.6 The licensing authority is also a responsible authority and will make representations and review licenses where it considers appropriate. This does not negate the requirement for other responsible authorities or other persons from acting in their own capacity.](#)

[17.7 Where the licensing authority utilises the responsible authority provision, there is separation of responsibilities to ensure procedural fairness and eliminate any conflicts of interest. The officer acting as the responsible authority will be a different officer to that who is acting in its capacity as the licensing authority.](#)

17.86 In cases where only positive relevant representations are received and upon agreement of the Applicant, the Licensing Authority and the [Interested Parties other persons](#) making those representations, it will not be necessary to hold a hearing to determine the application.

17.97 Each application will be determined on its individual merits taking into consideration the four licensing objectives.

17.108 Where it is determined that it is appropriate to attach conditions to a licence or certificate it will ensure that those conditions are focused on the direct impact of the activities taking place at the premises concerned, on members of the public living, working or engaged in normal activity in the area concerned. Such conditions will be proportionate to the activity to be controlled and will only be imposed in the interests of the licensing objectives.

17.119 If representations are made concerning the potential for limited disturbance in a particular neighbourhood, the Council's consideration will balance those representations against the

wider benefits of the community. Furthermore, the Council acknowledges the advice received from the DCMS that the views of local minorities should not be allowed to predominate over the general interests of the community.

- 17.120 It may be ~~necessary~~ appropriate for the Sub-Committee in some circumstances to conduct a site visit. In such circumstances, Members will observe the Members' Licensing Code of Good Practice and Procedure for Licensing Sub-Committee Site Visits.
- 17.134 All parties will receive a fair hearing.
- 17.142 The Council will ensure that Members and Officers having responsibility under the Act will receive appropriate training to administer and enforce the Act.
- 17.153 Upon request, the Licence Committee will receive regular reports on decisions made by officers to ensure that an overall picture of the state of licences in the area is maintained.
- 17.164 The Council will give comprehensive reasons for its decisions and such reasons shall also address the extent to which the decision has been made with regard to this Policy and Guidance.

18. APPEALS

- 18.1 **Magistrates' Court Appeals:** Other than in the case of personal licences, all appeals in connection with various decisions made by the Council will be determined by the Magistrates' Court in the area which the premises concerned are situated.
- 18.2 In the case of personal licences, the appeal must be made to the Magistrates' Court ~~for the petty sessions in the~~ area in which the Council (or any part of it) which made the decision is situated.
- 18.3 Beginning with the day the appellant was notified by the Council of the decision to be appealed against; the appellant has a period of 21 days to commence his appeal by the ~~giving of a issue of a complaint and~~ notice of appeal to the Justices' Chief Executive for the Magistrates' Court. A fee is payable to the Court and the 21 day period is strict and cannot be extended.
- 18.4 The Council will always be a Respondent to the appeal, but in cases where a favourable decision has been made for an applicant licence holder, club or premises user against the representations of a responsible authority or an interested party or the objections of the chief officer of Police, the holder of the premises or personal licence or club premises certificate or the person who gave an interim authority notice or the premises user will also be a respondent to the appeal and the person who made the relevant representation or the chief officer of Police will be the appellants.
- 18.5 On determining an appeal, the court may:
- Dismiss the appeal;
 - Substitute for the decision appealed against any other decision which could have been made by the Council; or
 - Remit the case back to the Council to dispose of it in accordance with the direction of the court.
- 18.6 The court may make such order as to costs as it sees fit.
- 18.7 The court, on hearing any appeal, may therefore review the merits of the decision on the facts and consider points of law or address both.
- 18.8 In hearing an appeal against any decision made by the Council, the Magistrates' Court will have regard to this licensing policy statement and the Guidance.

- 18.9 The Court can depart from both if it is justified to do so, depending on the individual circumstances.
- 18.10 This Council, therefore, when determining applications will give comprehensive reasons for its decisions.
- 18.11 Any decision made by the Magistrates' Court will be implemented by the Council immediately.
- ~~18.12 No further appeal against the decision of the Magistrates' Court is available except in the case of closure orders. The Act does not provide for a further appeal and normal rules of challenging decisions of Magistrates' Courts will apply.~~
- ~~18.13 A right of appeal only exists in respect of the terms of a Provisional Statement issued rather than one that is refused because the Licensing Act 2003 does not empower the Council to refuse to issue a provisional statement.~~

19. EFFECTIVE DATE AND REVIEW

- 19.1 This policy statement will take effect on 18 April 2013 following a review to incorporate a special policy.
- 19.2 This policy statement will be kept under review, consulted on, and will remain in existence for a period of up to ~~five~~ 3 years. It ~~will be~~ is subject to review and further consultation ~~before 7 January 2014~~ between 06 July 2015 and 13 September 2015 (subject to changes in legislation prescribed by the Secretary of State).

20. Table: Recommended Delegations of Functions

Matter to be dealt with	Sub Committee	Officers
Application for Personal Licence	If a Police objection	If no objection made
Application for Personal Licence with unspent convictions	All cases	
Application for Premise Licence/Club Premise Certificate	If a relevant representation made	If no relevant representation made
Application for Provisional Statement	If a relevant representation made	If no relevant representation made
Application to vary Premise Licence/Club Premise Certificate	If a relevant representation made	If no relevant representation made
Application to vary designated Premise Supervisor	If a Police objection	All other cases
Request to be removed as designated Premise Supervisor		All cases
Application for transfer of Premise Licence	If a Police objection	All other cases
Applications for interim authorities	If a Police objection	All other cases
Application to review Premise Licence/club Premise Certificate	All cases	
Decision on whether a complaint is irrelevant, frivolous, vexatious etc		All cases
Decision to object when Local Authority is a Consultee and not the relevant Authority considering the application	All cases	
Determination of a Police objection to a Temporary Event Notice	All cases	

21. CONTACT DETAILS

THE LICENSING AUTHORITY:

The Licensing Team
 Peterborough City Council
 4th- 1st Floor, Bayard Place
 Broadway
 Peterborough
 PE1 1FDHU
 T: 01733 747474
 E: eh.licensing@peterborough.gov.uk

www.peterborough.gov.uk
 (under the Business section)

THE RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES:**Cambridgeshire Constabulary**

Licensing Department
 Cambs Constabulary North Division
 4th Floor Bayard Place
 Broadway
 Bridge Street
 Peterborough
 PE1 1EH HZ
 T: 01733 [424462](tel:01733424462) / [424449](tel:01733424449) [424438](tel:01733424438) / [424449](tel:01733424449)

Cambridgeshire Fire and Rescue:

Cambs Fire & Rescue Service
 Peterborough District
 Dogsthorpe Fire Station
 Dogsthorpe Road
 Peterborough
 PE1 3RE
 T: 01733 [353222](tel:01733353222) / [353226](tel:01733353226) [353206](tel:01733353206)

Safeguarding Children Board

[Safeguarding Service Manager](#)
[Child Protection and Review Manager](#)
[Peterborough City Council](#)
 Children's Services – Social Care
 2nd Floor, Bayard Place
 Broadway
 Peterborough
 PE1 1FB
 T: 01733 746020

Environmental Health - Pollution

Pollution Control Team
 Peterborough City Council
 4th- 1st Floor, Bayard Place
 Broadway
 Town Bridge
 Peterborough
 PE1 1HU FD
 T: 01733 [453571](tel:01733453571) [747474](tel:01733747474)
 E: pollution.control@peterborough.gcsz.gov.uk

Health and Safety:

e.g. Public houses, nightclubs,
 shops, restaurants, takeaways,-
[Community centres managed by
 a committee](#)

Health & Safety Team
 Peterborough City Council
 4th- 1st Floor, Bayard Place
 Broadway

Peterborough
 PE1 1HU FD
 T: 01733 453574
 E: healthandsafety@peterborough.gov.uk

Premises **managed** by Peterborough
 City Council e.g. schools, leisure
 centres

Health and Safety Executive
 14 Cardiff Road
 Luton
 LU1 1PP
 T: 01582 444200

Planning

Planning Services
 Peterborough City Council
[Stuart House \(East Wing\)](#)
[St Johns Street](#)
[Town Hall](#)
[Bridge Street](#)
 Peterborough
 PE1 1HF5DD
 T: 01733 453410 27
 E: planningcontrol@peterborough.gov.uk

Trading Standards

Trading Standards Department
 Peterborough City Council
[4th-1st Floor, Bayard Place](#)
 Broadway
[Town Bridge](#)
 Peterborough
 PE1 1HU
 T: 01733 [453563](#) [453512](#)
 T: [03454 040506](tel:03454040506) for consumer advice
 E: trading.standards@peterborough.gov.uk

Public Health

[Director of Public Health](#)
[Peterborough City Council](#)
[2nd Floor Town Hall](#)
[Peterborough](#)
 PE1 1HQ
 T: 01733 747474
 E: publichealth@peterborough.gov.uk

For vessels carrying more than 12 passengers the certifying authority will be: -

Maritime & Coastguard Agency
 Surveyor In Charge
 Harwich Marine Office
 East Terrace
 Walton-on-Naze
 Essex
 CO14 8PY
 T: 01255 682107

For Vessels carrying 12 or less passengers the certifying authority will be: -

Environment Agency
 Kingfisher House
 Goldhay Way
 Orton Goldhay
 Peterborough

PE2 5ZR
T: 01733 464277

Further information can be found on the following links:

Peterborough City Council website; www.peterborough.gov.uk/business

Home Office website: www.gov.uk/government/organisations/home-office

Guidance issued under section 182 of the Act:

www.gov.uk/government/publications/explanatory-memorandum-revised-guidance-issued-under-s-182-of-licensing-act-2003

The Licensing Act 2003: www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2003/17/contents

Information Commissioners Office: ico.org.uk